|  |
| --- |
| AMR 23/0079/2025 - Colombia - Date: 03 July 2025 |
| FURTHER INFORMATION | URGENT ACTION | FI UA 016/25-1 |
| Guarantee safe return of displaced fishers |
| COLOMBIA |

On June 24, 26 families of fisherpersons living near the lakes and rivers surrounding the city of Barrancabermeja were forcibly displaced to Bucaramanga, the capital of the Santander department. On February 15, the fishers' association FEDEPESAN had warned that a collective forced displacement was imminent due to harassment, threats, robbery, extortion, and even attempted murder committed by armed groups seeking control of the waters or retaliating against those exposing potential cases of pollution and corruption affecting the environment. We call on the National Government’s Unit for Victims to ensure the safe return of the forcibly displaced fisherpersons to their territory.

The Magdalena Medio is an extensive valley between the Colombian mountain ranges crossed by Colombia's main river, the Magdalena River. Petroleum is one of the major sources of economic activity in the region, where the country's largest refinery operates in the city of Barrancabermeja, Santander, at the heart of the Magdalena Medio. The area also engages in agro-industry, mining, livestock, among other economic activities. Due to its location and the abundance of valuable resources like oil and water, the region is considered strategic and has been the subject of continuous disputes between the State and armed groups present in the country. The Magdalena Medio has also been an area for sustained processes of popular mobilization and human rights advocacy for decades where unions, feminist organizations, popular movements, and human rights defence has come together to form a strong local civic space. This, coupled with the dispute for territorial, political, and economic control of the region by interest groups and armed factions, has fostered a breeding ground for violence against human rights defenders that has persisted since at least the 1980s. Alarming figures of violence against the civilian population, especially homicides, have been recorded in the last years in the Magdalena Medio. All of this unfolds in a context of fight between at least four armed groups present in the region, including the Ejército Gaitanista de Colombia (EGC), also known as AGC or Clan del Golfo, currently the biggest armed group of the country and with the wider regional control.

The Federation of Artisanal, Environmentalist, and Tourist Fishers of the Department of Santander (FEDEPESAN) carries out its work in the San Silvestre lake, in the vicinity of the city of Barrancabermeja. FEDEPESAN has reported water pollution by regional companies and the presence of armed groups seeking control of the territory, including the water bodies. In this context, the president of FEDEPESAN, Yuly Velázquez, has experienced numerous forms of violence documented by Amnesty International, including a threat in November 2020, bullet impacts on her home in January 2021, intimidations during protest activities in August 2021, a firearm attack in May 2022, and another in July 2022 (resulting in an injury to a security guard of her protection scheme). In June 2022, Amnesty International issued an Urgent Action asking the Government to protect FEDEPESAN. Amnesty International has also documented deficiencies in the functioning of the protection scheme provided by the state through the National Protection Unit – UNP to Yuly Velásquez, due to her high level of risk, and has asked for better protection. Yuly Velásquez, received the 2024 Human Rights Award by Amnesty International in Germany.

In February 2024, March 2024 and January 2025 Amnesty Internacional has issued urgent actions asking the authorities to provide protection and carry out effective judicial investigation after threats by the EGC mentioning FEDEPESAN and CREDHOS, the human rights organisation supporting locally FEDEPESAN.

Since the beginning of 2025 FEDEPESAN has reported to the authorities various threats received by its members, which have heightened fear among the fisherpersons of the organisation. On 15 February, FEDEPESAN issued a public statement declaring that they felt forced to leave their territory with their families. In that context, Amnesty International asked the National Police to provide security to FEDEPESAN’s members and prevent this forced displacement, which would not only threatened their ability to continue practicing sustainable artisanal fishing but also jeopardized their role in monitoring the environmental impact on the lakes and rivers of Barrancabermeja. Amnesty International has monitored State actions to detect the risks faced by the fisherpersons of Barrancabermeja, such as the early warning AT 027 of 2022 by the Ombudsperson Office and meetings of the early warnings follow up commission CIPRAT led by the Ministry of Interior. Nevertheless, on 24 June 2025 dozens of fisherpersons, with their families, were forced to move to Bucaramanga, the regional capital of the Santander department, asking for the attention and protection of the authorities under the pressure of the risks detected, but not addressed, by the Colombian authorities.

TAKE ACTION

* Write an appeal in your own words or use the **model letter** on **page 2**.
* Please take action before **3 October** 2025.
* Preferred language: **Spanish\***. You can also write in your own language.
* **INFO POSTAGE**: Post delivery is possible to almost all countries. Please check at the Swiss Post whether letters are currently being delivered to the destination country.
If not, please send by email, fax or social media and/or via the embassy with the request for forwarding to the named person. Thank you !

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| APPEALS TO | COPIES TO |
| Adith Rafael Romero PolancoDirector of the Unit for the VictimsCarrera 85D 46A-65Bogotá DCColombiaEmail: servicioalciudadano@unidadvictimas.gov.coTwitter/X: @ UnidadVictimas | Botschaft der Republik KolumbienZieglerstrasse 293007 BernFax: 031 350 14 09E-Mail: esuiza@cancilleria.gov.co |
| ⭢ \***Spanisch model letter** and **social media guidance** see online: [amnesty.ch](https://www.amnesty.ch) 🔍**UA 016/25** |

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Adith Rafael Romero Polanco
Director of the Unit for the Victims
Carrera 85D 46A-65
Bogotá DC
Colombia

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Dear Mr. Director,

**I am writing to express my deep concern about the forced displacement of 26 families of fisherpersons of Barrancabermeja**, who carry out their fishing activities in the areas of Ciénaga de San Silvestre, Ciénaga de Chucurí, Ciénaga de Cira, rivers Sogamoso and Magdalena, that were forcibly displaced to Bucaramanga despite the warnings made by the Federation of Artisanal, Environmentalist, and Touristic Fishermen and Women of Santander (FEDEPESAN) in February 2025, when they stated that they felt forced to leave their territory due to the violent pressure they have endured for years—including threats in 2025—and due to the lack of attention and protection from authorities.

The fishermen and women of the Barrancabermeja lakes and rivers, including those of FEDEPESAN, face multiple forms of harassment and threats that cause fear of going out to fish, leaving them unable to earn an income or provide food for their families. This situation threatens the rights of these fishermen and women and of their families, including the right to work, access to food, the right to their territory, and to their safety.

**Under these circumstances, 26 families of fishermen and women have been forced to displace to Bucaramanga and need the immediate attention from the authorities. I urge you to take immediate and effective action to protect the forcibly displaced families of fisherpersons, including those of FEDEPESAN, and ensure them a safe return to their territory and fishing activities, through measures that must be planned, implemented and evaluated in consultation with the fishermen and women privileging a human rights approach.**

Yours sincerely,

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Copie**

Botschaft der Republik Kolumbien, Zieglerstrasse 29, 3007 Bern

Fax: 031 350 14 09 / E-Mail: esuiza@cancilleria.gov.co